

Old Dalby Church of England Primary School



Admissions Policy

Affecting mid-term transfers from August 2018 onwards

Formulated by	Leicestershire County Council
Approved by Governors	December 2017
Review date	December 2018

1. Principles:

Old Dalby C of E Primary School has fully adopted Leicestershire County Council's Admissions Policy. This policy will:

- Offer clarity regarding legal requirements and statutory guidance
- Seek to encourage partnership and avoid conflict at a local and an authority level
- Maintain parental rights and ease the process of admission for parents and children
- Aim for one consistent first-time admissions date to mainstream education
- Ensure that extension of provision is a long-term commitment and not at the expense of their local provision
- Children's entitlements at the normal round are as follows:
 - Entitlement to a place in the catchment areas school (dependent on the parent applying at the appropriate time, or on compliance with infant class size regulations)
 - Entitlement to a place in a preferred school if there is room
 - Entitlement to be considered according to the same priority criteria as other children where the preferred school is oversubscribed

2. Legal Position & Other Requirements: Summary

Old Dalby C of E Primary School has a service level agreement with Leicestershire County Council and the Governors act as their own admissions authority. Under the Local Authority policy, there is a minimum 8 week consultation period each year between 1 November and 1 March. Parents and local groups with an interest in the local area must be consulted. Consultation need only take place every seven years unless arrangements are not the same as in previous consultation.

2.2 Leicestershire County Council is required to co-ordinate admissions for all residents in its area.

2.3 Old Dalby C of E Primary School Governing Body is consulted once every seven years, even if there is no change (before publication of admission arrangements) and may request the Local Authority to alter the school's admission number.

2.4 Leicestershire County Council has a duty to provide school places for all pupils resident in its area. They achieve this by giving high priority to catchment area children, and by allowing parental preference wherever possible.

2.5 Parents have a right to express a preference for a school place, including where the child has an Education, Health and Care Plan. Parents must ensure suitable full-time education for their children by attendance at school or otherwise; they are not obliged to do this before the child has reached compulsory school age.

2.6 Compulsory school age is from the term immediately following a child's 5th birthday, this means:

- a child turning 5 in the autumn term must start school no later than the start of the spring term;
- a child turning 5 in the spring term must start school no later than from the start of the summer term;
- a child turning 5 in the summer term must start school no later than the following autumn term (see paragraph 4.15)

2.7 Old Dalby C of E Primary School has an admission number of 21. If this number needs to be altered, in some cases statutory notices must be published to allow interested parties to make representations.

2.8 Leicestershire County Council or Old Dalby C of E Primary School cannot argue that a child should not be admitted unless the admission would prejudice the efficient use of resources or efficient education: this normally means that the Admission Number (AN) must have been reached.

2.9 Leicestershire County Council must allocate spare places in schools according to objective and published priority criteria. The Greenwich Judgement means that children from other Authorities must be treated in the same way as Leicestershire children. The Rotherham Judgement disallows priority being given to parents who do not express a preference over those who do.

2.10 Parents whose preferences are refused have a right to appeal to an Independent Appeal Committee whose decision is binding, except for children with Educational, Health and Care Plans whose parents can appeal to the Special Educational Needs Tribunal. Pupils admitted to Old Dalby C of E Primary School will have their admission confirmed by Leicestershire County Council (this is because the Admitting Authority has been directed, in effect, to admit the pupil in these circumstances).

2.11 Leicestershire County Council has a statutory power to direct the admission of a pupil to a maintained school.

2.12 There are differing premises requirements for children of different ages; these are laid out in the relevant regulations.

2.13 there are no required staffing ratios for junior age children in education law. Headteacher and teacher associations may issue guidelines on staffing levels. Legislation and regulation on infant class sizes requires an upper limit of 30 children per qualified teacher for infant classes, with specified exceptions.

2.14 Department for Education guidance on admissions and appeals is contained in two Codes of Practice.

3. First Time Admissions to Old Dalby C of E Primary School

3.1 This section refers to first-time admissions (4+ entries) to Old Dalby C of E Primary School and applies to Leicestershire residents only.

3.2 Parents must apply to their home local authority for a school place. The best way to apply is by applying online through Leicestershire County Council's website. All requests received by the relevant closing date (please see co-ordinating scheme for dates) will be considered first and in accordance with the approved priority criteria. All late applications will receive the lowest priority.

3.3 The Local Authority which you live in will confirm places from the national offer date of 16th April to pupils. No child should be admitted without an offer from the Local Authority you live in; and this is regardless of whether the child lives in the catchment area or otherwise and regardless of whether the child has attended a nursery or pre-school at the school.

3.4 For those pupils who do not live in Leicestershire, the School Admissions Service will inform the relevant Local Authority who will in turn inform the parents of Leicestershire's decision.

3.5 Places will normally be allocated up to the Admission Number (AN), with careful consideration being given to the relationship between admissions limits and infant class size requirements.

3.6 It is recognised that some parents are unaware of the need to apply for a school place at first-time admission stage. The Admissions Service, in response to this issue, launches an annual marketing strategy to publicise and alert parents to the need to complete an application expressing up to three preferences for a place in advance of expected admission.

3.7 In this way, it allows Leicestershire County Council, an opportunity to make clear to parents their further rights (eg transport).

3.8 Date of admission for all primary schools is from the September immediately following a child's fourth birthday ie all children who have turned 4 before the end of August.

3.9 Children should not be attending before this time but for exceptional pre-admission visits. If pre-admission visits take place before the School Admissions Service has confirmed places, parents of these children must be informed that this does not guarantee admission to the school. Pre-admission visits should only take place in the term before the child is admitted to school and should not exceed more than two half days per week. Such sessions are not funded.

3.10 As with all schools under control of Leicestershire County Council, Old Dalby C of E Primary School has a single start for first time admission at 4+. However, parents must ensure full-time education for their child from compulsory school age, from 5+.

3.11 Infant class size limits, multiple birth children and permitted exceptions.

In compliance with the relevant regulations, an infant child (up to and including Year 2) who moves in to a school's area once initial allocation decisions have been made, will not necessarily be offered a place in the school if the relevant class will already contain 30 children or if an alternative school with space available in the relevant year group within 2 miles of the home is identified. If not, the child will be an excepted pupil in the catchment school, allowing the class to exceed 30 pupils (subject to proof of residence – see 10.38).

3.12 This section does not apply to late in-catchment applicants, who may not be offered catchment places if the infant class is at 30, ie those who have applied late, having lived within the catchment for more than 90 days. (The school's AN would also need to be taken into account in these circumstances.)

3.13 In the unusual event of there being one space available within the infant class size limit, children of multiple births are permitted exceptions to the class size limits:

- those children who are in the care of a Local Authority (including those previously in care).
- children with an Education, Health and Care Plan (including those receiving part of their education by arrangement at another school or in an infant class part-time).
- movement into catchment where there is no other available school within a reasonable distance from the home address (where the reasonable distance is a walking route that is 2 miles).
- if a recognised error was made during the implementation of the school admission arrangements.
- those admitted by an independent appeal panel.
- children of service personnel (eg army children).

Permitted class size exceptions will remain exceptions for the duration of Key Stage 1. In addition, schools will no longer have to take qualifying measures in such circumstances.

3.14 Admission of children below compulsory school age and deferred entry

Upon notification of a school place being offered, a child is entitled to a full time place in the September following their fourth birthday.

The date the child is admitted to the school can be deferred until later in the school year or the child can attend part-time, but not beyond the point at which they reach compulsory school age and not beyond the beginning of the final term of the school year for which the original application was made.

To defer a place at first-time admission, parents are asked to inform the school.

By not attending the beginning of the final term of the school year for which the original application was made, parents will need to make a new application.

3.15 Admission of children outside their normal age group

Parents may seek a place for their child outside of their normal age group for example, if the child is gifted and talented or has experienced problems such as ill health.

Parents of a summer born child, that is those born from 1st April to 31st August, may choose not send their child to school until the September following their fifth birthday and may request that they are admitted out of their normal age group, for example, to reception rather than year 1.

To request a delayed entry, parents are required to make an application for their child's admission to their normal age group at the usual time in accordance with this policy and at the same time submit a request to Leicestershire County Council for admission out of the normal age group. Further information about the process will be provided to parents upon their request for admission outside of normal age group or by contacting the School Admissions Service.

Decisions will be made by the Governing Body on the basis of the circumstances of each case and in the best interests of the child concerned. This will take into account parents' views, information about the child's academic, social and emotional development, where relevant their medical history and any views of a medical professional, whether they have previously been educated outside of their normal age group and whether they may have fallen in to a lower age group if the child was not born prematurely. The views of the Headteacher of the school must be taken in to account. Decisions by the Governing Body will be clearly set out.

When informing a parent of the decision on which year group the child should be admitted to, the reason(s) will be given.

Where the Governing Body agrees to the parent's request for their child to be admitted to a year out of their normal age group, it will be necessary for the parent(s) to apply again for a place at the appropriate year, and as a consequence the child will be admitted to a relevant age group (the age group to which pupils are normally admitted to the school). Leicestershire County Council (and Old Dalby C of E Primary School) will process the application as part of the main admissions round unless the parental request is made too late for this to be possible and on the basis of determined admission arrangements only, including the priority criteria when this applies.

The Governing Body of Old Dalby C of E Primary School is not required to honour a decision made by another admissions authority. Decisions will be made by the Governing Body regarding the parental request for admission out of normal age group in time for parents to make an informed decision about whether their child will start school before compulsory school age. An application will not be given a lower priority on the basis that the child is being admitted out of their normal age group.

Parents' statutory right to appeal against or refusal of a place at school for which they have applied does not apply if they are offered a place at the school but it is not their preferred age group.

4 In-year (mid-term) Transfers (all year groups)

4.1 All mid-term transfer requests (in-catchment included) will be co-ordinated through the School Admission Service before admission takes place.

4.2 Before applying, parents are encouraged to arrange to visit the school. After this the parent should complete Leicestershire County Council's online Common Application Form (paper forms are available on request).

4.3 The aim, wherever possible, is to always process mid-term applications within 10-15 working days (5 days if the child is indicated as in care or previously in care). Delays may occur where further evidence or proof is required i.e. proof of house purchase, tenancy agreement, fair access information for complex or out of authority applications etc.

4.4 Where the mid-term application is made through Leicestershire County Council, the decision letter will either offer the place or refuse the place because the school is full. A refusal letter will also explain to the parent their right to appeal and how they should do this.

5 Parental Preferences and Criteria Used For Prioritising Admissions to Schools

5.1 Application forms for school places allow parents to express up to three preferences for school places. Parents should rank their preferences, so that if more than one preference can be agreed the one which the parent wants most is offered. However, Leicestershire County Council considers all preferences to have equal value, e.g. one parent's first preference and another parent's second or third preference are to be considered equally against the admissions criteria. Late applications receive the lowest priority i.e. they are considered after all the other applications which were received on time, unless there is a significant reason for lateness (see separate section on late requests).

6 Priority Criteria for Entry Autumn 2018 Admissions and Mid-term Applications During 2018/19 Academic Year

6.1 For all children whose Education, Health and Care Plan (EHCP) names a school, they must be admitted regardless of the criteria below.

If there are too many requests, priority will be given to children whose parents applied on time, in the following order (*see note i*):

1st	Children who are in public care and those children who were previously looked after children. <i>See note ii</i>
2nd	Pupils who live in the catchment area. <i>See note iii</i>
3rd	Pupils who have an older brother or sister attending the same school at the same time. <i>See notes iv and v</i>
4th	Pupils who have a serious medical condition or exceptional social or domestic needs that make it essential they attend the school requested. (Professional documentation confirming the situation must be submitted with the application). <i>See note vi</i>
5th	Pupils who will have attended a feeder school for at least two years before the time of transfer. <i>See note vii</i>
6th	Pupils starting an infant school with a sibling attending at the same time in the linked junior school. <i>See note iv</i> Or

	Pupils transferring to high school who will have an older brother or sister attending the linked upper school at same time. <i>See note iv</i>
7 th	Pupils basing their application on grounds of 'belief'. <i>See note viii</i>
8 th	Pupils living nearest to the school, measured in a straight line distance (home to school gate). <i>See note ix</i>

Notes:

- i. Combinations of the above criteria are used where appropriate, in priority order.
- ii. A 'looked after child' is a child who is (a) in the care of a local authority, or (b) being provided with accommodation by a local authority in the exercise of their social services functions (see the definition in Section 22(1) of the Children Act 1989) at the time of making an application to a school. Previously looked after children are children who were looked after, but ceased to be so because they were adopted (or became subject to a residence order Section 19 or special guardianship order).
- iii. The child's place of residence is taken to be the parental home. Living in the catchment area does not guarantee you a place at your catchment school.
- iv. The term "brother or sister" includes half brother or sister or legally adopted child being regarded as brother or sister.
- v. Regarding brothers or sisters who will be of sixth form age, these are counted as brother/sisters connections for criteria 3 or 6 above.
- vi. If criterion 4 is used, professional supporting documentation from the Lead Professional must be supplied and must be submitted with the application. The following list are the areas are considered exceptional:
 - a. Crown Servants
 - b. Children subject to Child Protection Plans
 - c. Hard to Place children – who fall under the Fair Access Protocol
 - d. Parents suffering domestic violence (This is dependent on documentary evidence by a lead professional)
 - e. A child for who transfer to the catchment area school would involve attending a different school until they are the right age for transfer. (This is dependent on the child having attended the present school for at least a year.)

Each case will be assessed on its individual merits

- vii. For criterion 5 above, the child must have been enrolled at the feeder school on or before the start date of the Autumn Term two years before transfer.
- viii. Criterion 7 above only applies to the schools below, a letter of support from your Minister, Religious Leader or Belief Leader will be required explaining how the school caters for your Belief system. Old Dalby C of E Primary School does not base admissions on faith.
- ix. For criterion 8 above, measurement of distance is in a straight line from the centre point of the property to the school's main designated front gate, using a computerised mapping system (Geocoding). Where there is equal distance then lots will be drawn, supervised by an independent officer.

7 Out-of-catchment Requests and Admissions

7.1 Parents are encouraged to visit both the catchment and the preferred school, in order to make informed judgements.

7.2 When a parent approaches Old Dalby C of E Primary School, the Headteacher (and other staff) will:

- suggest that they visit the catchment school
- inform them that if they wish to apply to the preferred school, they must request this in writing to the School Admissions Service

School Admission Service on receiving a request outside the normal transfer cycle:

- Contacts the requested school to confirm numbers in relevant year groups
- May suggest to parents that they visit the preferred school
- Allocates a place at a later stage if there is space available within AN for the relevant year group in the preferred school

During the main period when parents are considering transfer requests, the School Admissions Service will endeavour to keep schools aware of possible numbers. It is helpful if schools can maintain contact with the School Admissions Service at this time.

8 Exceeding the Admission Number (AN)

8.1 Subject to paragraph 10.28 and 10.29, at the time of first time admission, secondary transfers as well as mid-year transfers (i.e. in-catchment movement outside the normal round), if there are more requests for in-catchment children than the admission number (AN), the AN will be exceeded to accommodate the catchment area children.

8.2 In normal circumstances, the AN will not be exceeded in any one year group by the admission of out-of-catchment pupils. If there are more out-of-catchment requests than places available within AN, places will be allocated up to AN according to the priority criteria, with any outstanding requests normally refused.

8.3 Parents whose requests are refused have a right to appeal to an Independent Appeal Committee, whose decision can override local policy. (NB: In the case of parents whose children have an Education, Health and Care Plan, the appeal is to the Special Education Needs Tribunal.)

8.4 It may be that in exceptional circumstances a school requests admitting out-of-catchment pupils above AN or Leicestershire County Council asks a school to exceed its AN. These situations should be viewed as exceptional and not as precedents for subsequent years or for other schools.

Exceptional circumstances might be:

- The admission of children who would have siblings in the school
- If admission assists the Local Authority in fulfilling its responsibilities for the overall provision of places, within the context of efficient use of resources
- Children in public care
- "Hard to Place" children whose cases fall within the Fair Access Protocol

8.5 If an exceptional request to exceed AN is made, either to Leicestershire County council or to the school, any decision to approve this must be made in conjunction with interested parties.

- Parents' requests must still be referred to the School Admissions Service

- A request from the school to exceed AN must be made to the School Admissions Service; a request from the School Admissions Service to a school to exceed AN must be made to the Headteacher
- The School Admissions Service makes the final decision, taking into account of the views of interested parties and the Local Authority's position

8.6 At transfer phase, schools may apply to exceed the Admission Number on a 'one off occasion', by 26 pupils through application to LA, i.e. at First Time Admissions and at all other transfer stages only. Applications must be received by the school by specified dates as outlined in the guidance notes (available for School Admissions Service). Part of the assessment process will be for the LA to be satisfied that neighbouring schools will not negatively be impacted. The LA decision outcomes may be:

- to accept the application
- to refuse the application (i.e. the impact to a neighbouring school is too great)
- to partially accept the increase (i.e. to agree to a smaller number)

There will be no appeal process to challenge the LA's decision by the school or the Governing Body. Old Dalby C of E Primary School will be informed of the LA decision well in advance of the national offer date(s) to allow for planning and organising. If a school exceeds its AN by 26 children in any three year period, the LA must then determine a higher AN at the next available opportunity.

9 Co-ordinated Schemes

9.1 In accordance with the School Admissions Codes, Leicestershire must operate two statutory co-ordinated processes for the purpose of:

- starting school for the first time (statutory)
- transferring to secondary school (statutory)

Leicestershire County Council will, however, in the best interest of the parent continue to co-ordinate:

- Mid-term (in-year) transfers

9.2 For Leicestershire residents the School Admissions Service will act as the parent's agent when applying for a school place regardless of whether the school is in Leicestershire, in another Local Authority or is its own admitting authority i.e. Voluntary Aided, Foundation, Studio, Free, Academy or Trust schools. If applying from outside the authority you are encouraged to apply via the authority in which you live. If your move to Leicestershire is imminent, or the home authority do not operate a co-ordinated mid-term transfer process, then you should apply through Leicestershire's online system.

For a detailed breakdown of each process, please refer to relevant Co-Ordinated Scheme.

10. Miscellaneous

Children Who Are In Care or Were Previously InCare and Now Adopted

10.1 Children in care of a Local Authority and those children who were previously looked after children, but ceased to be so because they were adopted (or became subject to a residence order or special guardianship order) are considered under high priority in Leicestershire.

10.2 In such circumstance confirmation must be sought from the last local authority that placed the child in care.

10.3 to be considered as "*incare or previously in care*", Leicestershire does not stipulate a minimum length of time the child is or has been in care.

Catchment Area Definition and How To Find Out the Catchment Area For Your Home Address

10.4 Leicestershire divides the county into school catchment areas. The child's full HOME ADDRESS determines the school where you would be given PRIORITY admission, for all community and voluntary controlled schools.

If you are unclear in which catchment area your home falls, please contact the LA's Customer Service Centre in the first instance – 0116 305 6684, who will be able to inform you in which school catchment your address falls. In addition, you will also find in the primary and secondary 'Your Guide to Education' booklets, district maps that outline in general the schools located within the district you live.

Areas of Dual/Multiple Catchment Entitlement

10.5 In areas where there is dual or multiple catchment entitlement, children who move into area after admissions have been decided will be refused a place in one of the schools if the relevant year group is full. (If all schools are full in the relevant year group, a place will be offered in the school which has numbers closer to the admission limit.)

Parental Proof of Residence

10.6 When, after reasonable enquiry, a school is unclear about a family address, the matter must be referred to the School Admissions Service.

10.7 The School Admissions Service will need to seek evidence of residence from parents where the matter is unclear.

10.8 All schools requested to be vigilant regarding addresses given by parents before transfer to the next phase of education, particularly if there is a late or unexpected change of address close to transfer. Any queries should be referred to the School Admissions Service.

Over-subscription Lists

10.9 the Local Authority will only maintain an over-subscription list for schools under its control. Each list is maintained from completion of the decision-making process for first-time admission, infant-junior and secondary transfer cycles to the end of the Autumn Term only. (This waiting list is ranked in the same order as the published over-subscription criteria and not by date of application.) Leicestershire do not hold over-subscription lists for mid-term transfers.

Tiebreak

10.10 In instances where more than one child has an equal weighting in accordance with our priority criteria, the tiebreaker used is measurement of distance in a straight line from the centre point of the property to the school's main designated front gate, with whoever is closer being offered the school place. Where there is equal distance then lots will be drawn supervised by an independent officer.

Children Who Move Out Of The Catchment Area

10.11 A child who has started attending and whose place of residence changes to an out-of-catchment address is entitled to retain their place in the school and should not be asked to leave or have their name deleted from the register.

10.12 Such an entitlement does not hold if the child changes phase of education in which case entitlement to a place is according to the new address.

10.13 If there are queries about transport in these situations, refer to the Customer Service Centre (E&T).

Excluded or Potentially Disruptive Pupils

10.14 The Local Authority does not allow the refusal of admission because the pupil may disrupt the education of other pupils, but will consider exceptions according to the School Admissions Code. The School Admissions Code allows the refusal of places for children with “challenging behaviour” only for those schools able to demonstrate particularly high proportion of children with challenging behaviour or previously excluded children. In such circumstances the governors must refer the case to the Fair Access Protocol.

10.15 The Local Authority is not able to refuse admission where such a pupil lives in the catchment area and the parent has applied properly, or where there is a place available within the AN. The Local Authority expects pupils excluded from a previous school to be admitted automatically to the catchment area school at normal age of transfer to the next phase of education (dependent on the parent making proper application), unless the parent prefers another school, in which case a place will be allocated if there is room.

10.16 There is no obligation to comply with a parental preference for a child who has been permanently excluded from two or more schools, for a period of two years following the latest exclusion. Parents of such children lose their right of appeal regarding admission. Old Dalby C of E Primary School may refer to the Secretary of State regarding directions to admit children.

It is possible that a child may receive a second permanent exclusion just before he or she is due to transfer school (e.g. from high or upper school). In these circumstances the Local Authority will expect the receiving school to admit the child, if the child’s second permanent exclusion is issued after a transfer allocation has been notified to the parent, but before the actual transfer to the new school.

10.17 A permanently excluded pupil must not be removed from the school register until an exclusion appeal is complete or until the time limit for notification or appeal has passed.

Children With Special Educational Needs

10.18 the Local Authority does not allow the refusal of admission because it is believed that the school cannot cater for the child’s special educational needs.

10.19 Pupils with special educational needs but no Education, Health and Care Plan (EHCP) are dealt with through normal admissions policy, and schools cannot refuse to admit a pupil because they do not have an EHCP or is being assessed for a Statement.

10.20 The Governing Body is required by section 324 of the Education Act 1996 to admit to a school a child with an Education, Health and Care Plan that names the school. This is not an oversubscription criterion and schools must admit children with EHCPs whether they have places or not.

Children From Overseas

10.21 The wording of the School Admission Code applies.

Late Requests, Appeals (including class size appeals), Further Appeals and Errors

10.22 Late requests for school places e.g. those received after a closing date, will be considered on their merits, but generally will have the lowest priority of all requests, even when the parents are requesting the catchment area school. This means that it is probable that a late request will not be allowed if the school is oversubscribed and there is no clear and significant reason (supported with documentary evidence) that it was beyond the parent's control for not applying at the appropriate time e.g. parent ill for some time or family returning from abroad.

10.23 To assist parents every effort will be made by the School Admission Service to explain the basis under which an infant class size appeal is to be considered. The legislation and regulations are extremely stringent and only allow panels hearing an infant class size appeal to uphold the appeal where the following applies:

- the child would have been offered a place if the school's admission arrangements had been properly implemented i.e. because an error or maladministration; or

- if it is established by the panel that the school's admissions arrangements did not take into account, when considering the application:
 - the School Admissions Code
 - Part 3 of the SSFA 1998

- the decision was not one that a reasonable admissions authority would have made in the circumstances of the case.

10.24 Where an appeal is being heard for a year group that is full and is not a class size appeal but if successful would cause *'future class size prejudice or breach'*, because future year groups are organised into classes of 30 pupils to one teacher. The appeal will NOT run citing class size legislation as a key principal argument for refusing the application. Leicestershire will instead take the view that the panel is requested to take future prejudice into account when decision-making.

10.25 Appellants do not have the right to a second appeal in respect of the same school for the same academic year, unless it can be demonstrated that there has been a significant exceptional or material change in circumstances of the parent, child or school. Examples being:

- change of address
- it has been agreed that there were procedural faults in the original appeal
- new significant evidence has come to light
- medical reasons (apart from medical attention for distress or anxiety as a result of unsuccessful appeals)
- significant change to the school has come to light

(This is not a finite list; each case will be considered on its merits by the lead admissions or appeals officer)

10.26 Where the admitting authority has made an error in any aspect of processing a school application, and it has been established that had the error not occurred it would have resulted in the applicant legitimately securing a school place. The admitting authority must honour the applicant a school place, even if the school is full.

10.27 Where it has been determined the error was made by the applicant, the admitting authority will not be held responsible, i.e. an incorrect date of birth, failure to mention sibling(s), failure to provide supporting evidence etc.

Arrivals in Catchment and Late Applications

10.28 Catchment requests for all students that move into a school's catchment area will be agreed (subject to proof of residence) as a priority even if the school is oversubscribed if there are no other school(s) with places within a 'reasonable distance' (where reasonable distance from home to school is shortest walking route, 2 miles for Old Dalby C of E Primary school and other primaries). All distances to be measured by the shortest walking route using an electronic mapping tool – MapInfo). A route is available if it is a route along which a child, accompanied as necessary, can walk with reasonable safety to school. However, where the application is submitted and agreed within 90 days of the house move, the maximum period the priority will be afforded to take up the offer and start at the school is by half a school term from the point the application was received. Applications will be regarded as late if the application is made after 90 days of the family's house move.

10.29 To enable the admitting authority to overfill the school on the basis of taking up residency in the catchment area the parent/carer must have applied within 90 (calendar) days of the date the family moved into the school's catchment area (*mid-term conditions proof of residency must be met*).

10.30 Once the admitting authority is satisfied the application for a school place was made within 90 days of the date the family moved into the house (see paragraph 10.45), the admitting authority will aim to offer a place in their new catchment school if there is no alternative school with space available in the relevant year group within 2 miles of the home address (subject to proof of residence).

10.31 If a parent has not taken up an offer of a school place within 20 (school) days of the offer date, a reminder will be sent, parents will be afforded a further 2 (school) weeks to take up the school place. If a place is not taken up within 7 days of the reminder letter, the offer of a school place may be withdrawn. (see paragraph 10.32).

Acceptance or Refusal of Offers; Withdrawal of Places or of Offers of Places

10.32 In the normal admissions round (i.e. when offers are made for first-time admissions national offer date 16th April) it will be assumed by the School Admissions Service that the offer is accepted unless it is refused. Once the academic year begins, the school place should be taken up within 20 school days. For mid-term applications (outside the normal round) the offer must be taken up within 20 school days from the offer date. If not, the School Admissions Service will afford the parent a reasonable time (the regulations state 2 weeks) plus additional 7 days for a reminder, to accept the offered place. If no acceptance is received the offered place may be withdrawn. In addition, the Local Authority reserves the right to withdraw a school place, or an offer of a place where the place has been obtained by false or misleading information, for example an incorrect address or date of birth. Schools should be vigilant about such matters. Old Dalby C of E Primary School may ask for sight of the child's short birth certificate before admission.

10.33 Offers of places are also withdrawn if they were based on an address and the parent's address changes before the child is admitted. For example, if a child was offered a catchment area place and the family move out-of-catchment before admission takes place, the offer of the place may be withdrawn.

Home-School Agreements

10.34 The School Standards and Framework Act does not allow signing a home-school agreement to be a condition for admission.

Deleting a Child's Name From the Register

10.35 The Education Pupil Registration Regulations describe the circumstances in which a child's name can be deleted from a school's register. In normal circumstances it is not reasonable to delete a child's name from the school's register until it is confirmed that he/she is receiving education elsewhere. In unclear cases, please seek advice School Admissions and Pupil Services.

Changes of Address

10.36 Principles:

- (a) Residence in the catchment area is necessary to be given highest priority for a school place when applying, subject to availability.
- (b) Where a school is over-subscribed or a family move into catchment after a published closing date for submission of applications, the School Admissions Service should seek to clarify parents' claims of change of address.
- (c) Generally, only one address is recognised for each family, and only one family for each address.
- (d) Places, or offers of places, may be withdrawn if they were based on incorrect information from the parents or their representatives.
- (e) Each case is considered on its facts.

10.37 When a family moves, the Local authority will aim to offer a place in their new catchment area school on request for schools adhering to this policy (dependent on: proof of residence, see verification of address below).

10.38 What is generally not accepted when allocating places in over-subscribed schools:

- (a) purchase of a second property by a family, while the first property i.e. retained;
- (b) rented accommodation, while a previous property is retained;
- (c) offers or exchange of contracts on intended purchases or sales of properties;
- (d) informal accommodation arrangements with friends or relatives

10.39 Exceptional circumstances:

The School Admissions Service will always give serious consideration to any exceptional situations, such as where a family has been forced by circumstances to move into temporary accommodation, having lost their previous residence, or where there is a long-term separation between the parents and the child spends time in the week at two separate parents' addresses.

10.40 Verification of address:

- (a) Parents' written confirmation and declarations will be sought regarding important information. Parents will be asked to verify in writing that they are residing at the address claimed and intend to remain in the catchment area. Places will be withdrawn if such declarations are subsequently found to be incorrect or not honoured and the school is oversubscribed.

(b) Documentary evidence such as Council Tax payment or Child Benefit letter information will be sought.

(c) Claims of new residence in a school's catchment area will be judged on circumstances and the documents provided; completion of both sale and purchase, where relevant, are normally necessary before a place is allocated.

(d) Officers may be authorised to visit addresses to clarify whether families are living at the addresses claimed. Such visits will be undertaken in a reasonable fashion, by officers carrying appropriate identification.

Significant Change of Circumstance

10.41 The School Admissions Service considers fresh information in support of a parental preference for a school place, even if it is received at a late stage in the admissions process. In normal circumstances there will be no difficulty in meeting the parent's preference if all the school places have not been allocated.

10.42 Where the school's places have all been allocated, the School Admissions Service will be unable to offer a place, but may give higher priority to the parent's request if a place subsequently becomes available, according to the family's circumstances, in accordance with the priority criteria.

10.43 Verification, e.g. from professional persons or bodies, may be sought from the parent to confirm a change of circumstances. In such circumstances it remains the parent's duty to gather and provide the evidence.

"Relevant Areas" for Consultation Purposes

10.44 Old Dalby C of E Primary School will consult within the geographical boundary of Leicestershire on admissions arrangements as the "relevant area".

How and When to Apply Changes to a School's Admission Number (AN)

10.45 If the school's admission number is increased, this may be applied immediately to every year group in the school, unless this would have a detrimental effect on teaching and learning, e.g. limits to the number and size of rooms available or large numbers in classes.

If the school's AN is decreased, this should be applied only to the entry year group, unless numbers in other year groups need to be restricted, for instance to comply with the infant class size limit or if there is overcrowding in other year groups.

Process For If Old Dalby C of E Primary School is closed, or When There Is A Significant Change in the School's Age Range (e.g. Change of a Whole Curriculum Year Group or More)

- 10.46
- There will be a managed process for pupil transfers and, where possible, this will be part of a normal transfer cycle.
 - Parents with children at a school which is due to close, will be given application forms to submit within a stated timescale.
 - The local authority will apply its normal criteria to prioritise requests for oversubscribed schools.

- the local authority will co-ordinate applications for all types of schools, forwarding requests for Foundation, Studio, Free, Academy, Voluntary Aided and schools in other authorities to those bodies for admission decisions.

Children With Split Residence

10.47 Where a child lives for part of the week with one parent and for part of the week with the other parent, the address recognised by the local authority is the one where the child lives for the majority of the school week. Where it is claimed that the weekly residence arrangement varies, both addresses will be valid, and in some cases the child will have two catchment area schools. These definitions depend on the written declaration of both parents, and if the claimed residence arrangement is found to be false, the child's place at the allocated school may be withdrawn, even if the child has started attending.

Children of UK Services Personnel and Other Crown Servants

10.48 Such children must be allocated a place in advance, dependent on an official government letter declaring a relocation date and intended address, if the applicant would meet the criteria on relocation.

A Unit postal address must be accepted, or if appropriate a "quartering area" address in the absence of a new home postal address.